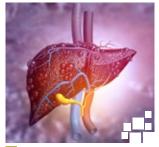


FREE TO TAKE HOME!



Non-alcoholic fatty liver



Flash burns to the Eye



Post-Traumatic Stress



Heartburn in pregnancy

YOUR NEXT APPOINTMENT:

ENJOY THIS FREE NEWSLETTER

Please remember that decisions about medical care should be made in consultation with your health care provider so discuss with your doctor before acting on any of the information. www.healthnews.net.au



Dalyellup Family Medical Centre

Unit 11, 135 Norton Promenade, Dalyellup 6230 T: 9795 6422 F: 9795 6477 **www.dfmc.com.au**

JUNE - JULY 2022 EDITION

PRACTICE DOCTORS

Dr Ivan Jansz MBBS, Dip RACOG, DA(UK), FRACGP Family General Practice, Anaesthetics, Shared Care Obstetrics, Skin problems, General Medicine, Pain Management

Dr Darryn Rennie MBBS, FRACGP, DipACSCM General Family Medicine, Skin Cancer, Children's Health

Dr Kate Harding BM(UK)DO, FRNZCGP, FRACGP General Family Medicine

Dr Andrew Kirke MBBS, FACRRM, FRACGP, DRANZCOG, DTMH Family General Practice

Dr Yien Peng Chin MBBS, FRACGP, DipChildHealth General Family Medicine, Children's Health

Dr Narelle Rodsjo

MBBS, FRACGP Family medicine, Women's and Children's Health, Musculoskeletal and Sporting Injuries

Dr Denise (Dee) Arnold

BMBS, FRAGCP, Diploma of Sport & Excersise General Practice with special interest in Women's and Paediatric Medicine as well as Sports and Musculoskeletal Medicine.

The practice doctors are experienced in the broad range of general practice problems and the treatment of all age groups.

• PRACTICE STAFF

Practice Manager: Karen Hudson

Nurses: Rhona Morrison (RN, RM), Lucy Webb-Martin (RN) & Jenni Boxsell (RN)

Receptionists: Raelene, Deb, Mandy, Claire, Fernanda & Tiana

• SURGERY HOURS

Monday......7.00am-5.00pm Tuesday - Friday......8.30am-5.00pm Saturday......8.30am-11.30am

• AFTER HOURS & EMERGENCY

Dalyellup Family Medical Centre provides after hours care within the practice.

Please phone **9795 6422** for the on-call number, or attend Bunbury Regional Hospital Emergency Department **9722 1000**.

A/H GP helpline **1800 022 222**.

Please see the Rear Cover for more practice information.

BILLING ARRANGEMENTS

Private patients will pay a gap beyond the Medicare refund. This varies according to the complexity of service or if a procedure is performed. We expect the account to be settled at the time of consultation. Gap payments may be allowed in consultation with the Doctor. Payment can be made by cash, cheque, credit card or EFTPOS. Please bring your Medicare card and any concession cards to your appointment.

We will bulk bill Pension Card Holders, children under 12 years and routine immunisations. Health Care Card and Commonwealth Seniors Card holders will be given a discounted fee.

A fee will apply for all procedural work, Saturday and evening surgery appointments.

Repeat Prescriptions may be issued at times but will attract a fee if there is no consultation.

APPOINTMENTS

Consultation is by appointment. Urgent cases will be seen by an available doctor on the day.

Appointment Bookings. Appointments can be made online by going to www.dfmc.com.au or by calling the Practice on 9795 6422.

Booking a long appointment. If you want an insurance medical, review of a complex health problem, counselling for emotional difficulties, or a second opinion, please book a longer appointment. This may involve a longer wait but your problem will get the attention it deserves. Please bring relevant letters and test results from other doctors.

It may not always be possible to see additional family members if only a single appointment has been made.

Home Visits. Your request for a home visit will be decided on in discussion with the doctor.

Results. All results are reviewed as soon as possible by the doctor. You may access relevant comments regarding your results by contacting the Surgery.

Telehealth and phone consultations are currently available during the COVID crisis. This service will be bulk billed for Pension Card holders and a private fee will apply for others. Please ask when booking.

SPECIAL PRACTICE NOTES

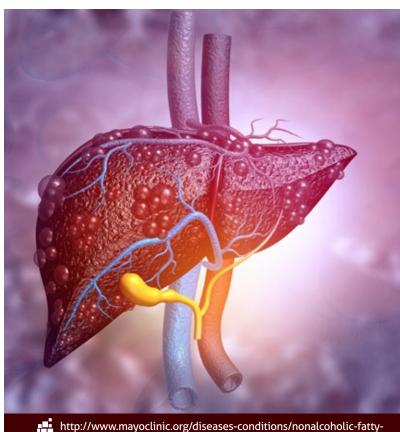
Dr Jansz has admitting rights to St John of God Hospital, Bunbury. **Referrals.** Doctors in this practice are competent at handling all the common health problems. When necessary, they are able to draw on opinion from Specialists, and if need be, refer you for further investigation. You can discuss this openly with your doctor.

Telephoning your doctor. Although most problems are best dealt with in consultation, a doctor will always be available during normal surgery hours for emergency advice. Our staff are experienced in helping you decide whether the matter requires an appointment, a return phone call from the practice, or urgent advice.

Patient Feedback. We welcome your comments or suggestions. Please feel free to talk to your GP or the Practice Manager regarding any issues. If you prefer, you can contact Health and Disability Services Complaints Office on 1800 813 583.

Patient Privacy. This practice protects your personal health information to ensure it is only available to authorised staff members for the intended purposes and to comply with the Privacy Act. To obtain a copy of our Privacy Statement or your medical records, please ask.

Follow us on Instagram @healthnewsgp



http://www.mayoclinic.org/diseases-conditions/nonalcoholic-fattyliver-disease/basics/prevention/con-20027761

Non-alcoholic fatty liver disease

This occurs when fat accumulates in the liver of a person who drinks little or no alcohol.

It is common and usually causes no symptoms. It can cause liver inflammation and, in rare instances, liver failure. The exact cause is unknown. It happens when the liver has difficulty breaking down fats, and hence there is a build-up. Risk factors include obesity, high blood cholesterol, type two diabetes, metabolic syndrome, and an underactive thyroid.

Symptoms, if they occur, may include fatigue and pain in the right upper abdomen. Diagnosis is made by blood tests for liver function and imaging (usually ultrasound) of the abdomen focusing on the liver. This will typically show fat deposits in the liver. In severe cases, a liver biopsy may be done.

There is no specific treatment, and for the vast majority, there are no symptoms to treat. Management is directed at treating risk factors. Lifestyle measures like weight loss, eating more vegetables and doing regular exercise are important, as is good control of any underlying condition like diabetes or hypothyroidism. Avoid medications which could strain the liver and, of course, alcohol. Some work suggests Vitamin E may help but do not take this unless recommended by your doctor. Coffee has also been shown to possibly have a beneficial effect on fatty liver but would not be regarded as "treatment".

Eating a healthy diet with adequate fruits and vegetables, maintaining a healthy weight, and doing regular exercise all reduce your chances of getting a non-alcoholic fatty liver.

Flash burns to the Eye

Flash burns occur when a strong light burns the eye's surface (cornea). Causes include welding with sparks flying, skiing without glasses, or using sun lamps. Symptoms include pain and burning in the eye, watery or bloodshot eyes and blurred vision. It can start up to 12 hours after exposure.

Diagnosis is on the history and examination of the eye. Investigations are not needed. Fortunately, most cases are mild and will resolve over a few days with no permanent damage. Treatment can include pain killers, antibiotics and anaesthetic eye drops, dilating drops to relax eye muscles and padding the eye. If you have contact lenses, these will need to be removed. Artificial tear drops can be soothing.

You should not drive or operate machinery whilst being treated. You will be asked to return for an eye check after 24-48 hours.

There is an adage that we only get one set of eyes. This remains true today. If there is any concern about your eyes, seek immediate medical attention either at your GP or an emergency department.

Flash burns can be prevented. Protect your eyes in the snow by wearing dark glasses with UVA and UVB protection. When working, use safety goggles that are made to Australian Standards. Most importantly, remember to wear them.



Post-Traumatic Stress

First described in the 1970s in Vietnam War Veterans, PTSD is a reaction that people can develop after being through or witnessing a traumatic event which threatened the life or safety of themselves or others.

This includes war, natural disaster, assault or serious accident. It is estimated that 12% of Australians may experience it during their life. Risk factors aside from trauma include a history of other mental health problems and stress.

Symptoms include feelings of fear, flashbacks, sleep disturbances, anxiety, sweats, heart palpitations, being on high arousal, irritability, anger, emotional numbness, and withdrawal from usual activities. They can start straight away or some weeks after the event and persist for weeks to years. PTSD can co-exist with other mental health issues such as depression or anxiety.

Diagnosis is by history. There are no specific examination findings or diagnostic tests. Bloods may be ordered to rule out other conditions. Treatments mainly involve psychological counselling, of which there are different forms. Medication may be advised but not in the first four weeks of symptoms and usually not until psychological treatments have been started.

Lifestyle measures which can help include meditation and mindfulness, regular exercise, avoiding alcohol, and getting adequate sleep (have a regular sleep routine). For most, there will be an improvement over time and complete recovery. Some may have relapses and need further treatment. Some will need long term treatment.

If you have been subjected to any trauma or have any concerns talk to your GP.



https://www.beyondblue.org.au/thefacts/anxiety/types-of-anxiety/ptsd



https://www.babycenter.com.au/a242/ heartburn-in-pregnancy

Heartburn in pregnancy

Gastro-oesophageal reflux disease (GORD), commonly known as reflux, occurs when acid from the stomach goes up to the base of the oesophagus.

This is due to a laxity of the sphincter, which normally shuts off the upward flow of stomach acid. The stomach lining is designed to cope with acid (which we need to help digest food), but the oesophagus lining is not. The typical symptom is a burning sensation in the low chest or upper abdomen - hence the name heartburn.

The pain can be mild to severe. It can occur in anyone, and most people will experience it at some point in their lives.

Pregnancy can aggravate reflux in those who already have it or bring it about in those who haven't for two reasons. In pregnancy, the hormone relaxin is produced to "relax" joints and ligaments and ease the delivery, but this hormone can slow digestion and also relax the sphincter. Secondly, as your baby grows, the pressure on the stomach can increase, pushing acid up the oesophagus.

So, what can help?

Not smoking and avoiding alcohol (which are no-no's in pregnancy anyway) helps. Eat smaller meals more frequently. Avoid foods which trigger reflux in you (unfortunately, no one size fits all here). However, carbonated drinks, caffeine, acidic foods, and spicy food are common culprits. Avoid eating for at least three hours before going to bed. Antacids can be used but discuss this with your doctor.

Psychedelics

Mental health remains an area where less progress has been made than we would like. There have been significant amounts of money spent which implies that more than just more dollars are needed.

In North America, there is renewed interest in the use of Psychedelics in mental health illnesses, especially treatmentresistant depression and Post Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD).

> Recently a conference on Psychedelic Therapies for Mental Illness was held

virtually in Melbourne. It included the reallife experience of patients and physicians with first-hand experience of their use in highly controlled conditions. Some patients reported significant improvement in symptoms, which was sustained for some time in some cases.

The US FDA regards MDMA as a "breakthrough" therapy for PTSD, and trials on psilocybin for depression have been very encouraging.

Last year the Federal Government allocated \$15 million for psychedelics trials in Australia, and some of these will commence soon. The TGA rejected an application to have the scheduling changed from nine to eight (which would enable prescription to patients outside of trials). Whilst this disappointed some, it was probably not a surprise that the TGA would not pre-empt the findings of trials yet to be completed.

Currently, it is not a treatment option in Australia, so do not ask your doctor for a prescription. However, if we tend to follow North America, and somewhere in the foreseeable future, psychedelic therapy may well become a treatment option for certain people in certain circumstances. Watch this space.



SEAFOOD CHOWDER

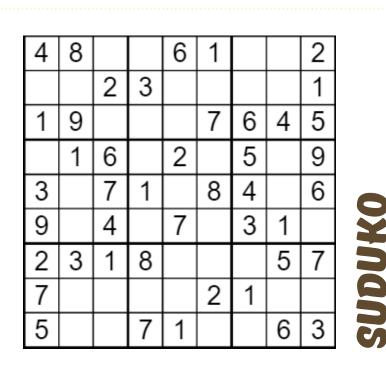
Ingredients (serves 6)

- 6 Sourdough bread rolls or crusty rolls (about 12 cm diameter)
- 500g scrubbed & cleaned mussels
- 225g waxy potatoes peeled
- 40g unsalted butter
- 100g smoked chorizo
- 1 small onion or banana shallot, finely chopped
- 1 leek, cleaned, halved lengthways and finely chopped
- 2 sticks celery, chopped
- 30g plain flour
- 500ml whole milk
- 200mldouble cream
- 1bay leaf
- 500g seafood mix
- 1 tsp salt1
- Pepper to taste
- Small handful flatleaf parsley or chives, chopped to finish

Method

1. Heat 250ml of water in a large shallow pan and add the clams. Put a lid on the pan and allow the clams to steam for 3–4 minutes until they open. Set a colander over a bowl, drain the opened mussels, and reserve the cooking liquid. When the mussels are cool enough to handle, remove the meat from the shells and set aside.

- 2. Cut the potatoes into 1.5cm dice and boil them for 5–10 minutes until tender, then drain and set aside.
- 3. Melt the butter in a separate large pan over a medium heat and fry the chorizo, onion or shallot, leek and celery until soft. Add the plain flour and cook for a minute or so, then add the reserved mussel cooking liquor and stir until thickened. Add the milk, cream, bay leaf, potatoes and seafood mix, then bring to the boil. Turn the heat down and simmer for about 5 minutes until the seafood mix is cooked, then add the mussel meat and season with salt and pepper.
- 4. Cut the tops off the rolls and scoop out as much of the dough as you can, leaving the crust. Spoon the chowder into the hollowed-out bread rolls or serve in bowls with sourdough on the side. Garnish the chowder with chopped parsley or chives.





Dalyellup Family Medical Centre

• OTHER SERVICES OFFERED

- Comprehensive health assessment for patients 75 years of age and older which includes a home visit by our nurse.
- Employment & Pre-Employment medicals with secure Drug & Alcohol testing collection.
- Full pathology collection services.
- All routine immunisations.
- Full time Practice Nurse/Midwife for routine blood pressure and blood sugar, wound dressings, etc.
- Dalyellup Skin Care Clinic operates in the same building as Dalyellup Family Medical Centre.

Services provided include:

- Skin cancer screening using Dermoscopy
- Treatment of pre-cancerous skin spots
- Biopsy and treatment of skin cancers
- Digital surveillance of atypical skin spots
- Total body photography
- General dermatology
- Corporate skin checks.

DR DARRYN RENNIE

Dr Darryn Rennie is a GP with an interest in Skin Cancer Medicine, and he has a Diploma in Skin Cancer Medicine from the Australasian College of Skin Cancer Medicine.

PRIVATE BILLING

Private billing applies to skin checks. A fee applies to procedures, with a portion of the fee claimable from Medicare.

